The Préfecture de Police, whose Paris headquarters are situated in the heart of the Île de la Cité, has been a unique public service in France since it was founded in 1800. It is a human and operational force, a force for innovation and modernisation that has put its broad range of skills at the service of the public for two centuries.

The Préfecture de Police is called on to prevent and fight against a whole host of dangers: crime, public order disturbances, natural and technological disasters, urban hazards, dangers on the road, health hazards, terrorism, etc.

The Préfecture also seeks to provide a high-quality public service in the many other domains where it has responsibility, such as issuing administrative documents, controlling traffic and parking, and consumer protection. In addition, the Prefecture undertakes assignments of unparalleled expertise via its scene-of-crime police, its forensic institute, its central laboratory and its psychiatric infirmary.

In this brochure, we invite you to discover the key facets of this great institution that boasts nearly 43,800 men and women, including some 27,500 police officers and 8,400 fire fighters. Working together, they are committed to ensuring the safety and civil liberties of everyone living in, working in or visiting Paris and its suburbs.
préfecture de police • SERVING THE PUBLIC

ORGANISATION OF THE SERVICES

préfet, secrétaire général de la zone de défense et de sécurité de Paris

Service opérationnel de prévention situationnelle

préfet, directeur du cabinet

Direction adjointe du cabinet

Direction de la police générale

Direction des opérations et de la protection du public

Unité médicale légale

Infirmerie psychiatrique

Centre d’assistance aux travailleurs de la sécurité

Ligne départementale de la population

Laboratoire central

Préfecture de Police, préfect de la zone de défense et de sécurité de Paris

préfet, directeur du cabinet

Direction de l’hygiène publique

Direction du renseignement

Direction de la sécurité des projets et de l’agrandissement Paris-Normandie

Direction des infrastructures de transport public et de la mobilité

Direction des affaires économiques et du commerce

Direction des affaires humanitaires

Direction des finances de la Préfecture de Police et de la participation

Direction de l’administation

Direction des finances publiques

Caserne de la Cité, headquarters of the Préfecture de Police is located in place Louis Lépine in the 4th district of Paris.
In the greater Paris area: 9 priority safety areas, 1,370,568 people received in the police stations, 2,260,916 calls to the police emergency line (17), 515,711 emergency responses following calls to it.

2016 ACTIVITY IN FIGURES

The public’s main expectation is that they should enjoy the right to live in safety. Since the Greater Paris Police Force came into being on 14 September 2009, the Préfecture de Police’s area of jurisdiction has been extended to include the departments of Hauts-de-Seine (92), Seine-Saint-Denis (93) and Val-de-Marne (94). With nearly 21,157 police officers and 8,400 fire fighters for 6.4 million inhabitants, the Greater Paris Police Force covers two-thirds of the population of Île-de-France and two-thirds of the area’s crime.

It has been possible to deploy a particularly aggressive crime-fighting and counter-terrorism strategy across this vast region by pooling resources, employing real-time incident analysis, improving information sharing and developing scene-of-crime police.

The Greater Paris Community Safety Department (DSPAP), the Regional Criminal Investigation Department (DRPJ) and the Préfecture de Police Intelligence Service (DRPP) work in unison in fighting all types of crime in greater Paris.

For 2017, several operational priorities have been set among which are: increased protection of people through the Vigipirate plan and countering radicalisation, the fight against drug traffickers, the fight against theft and burglary and especially theft by deception against the elderly, the strengthening of protection for tourists, increasing road safety and the quality of the arrangements for receiving the public and victims.

PROTECTING THE PUBLIC IN THE GREATER PARIS AREA

Strengthen ties between the police and the general public

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Re-appropriating public spaces is a priority for the Préfecture de Police. Priority Safety Areas (PSAs) were first introduced in 2012 with the aim of improving the safety and security of certain neighbourhoods that had been particularly affected by a deterioration in public law and order: robbery with violence, burglaries, street vendors setting up on public spaces, traffic taking root at the entrances to blocks, etc. Co-managed by the Préfecture de Police, the Public Prosecutor and the Mayor of Paris, PSAs allow greater coordination between the police, the state education authorities, other government departments, local authorities and voluntary groups. In-depth action can be taken to combat all forms of crime, public nuisance and antisocial behaviour that has sometimes become entrenched in particular areas. Alongside the operational component, aimed at increasing the police presence on the ground assisted by fast-track court proceedings, a partnership component is dedicated to prevention projects designed to support schemes aimed at youths who are drifting and, in particular, young people who have dropped out of school.

Taking back public spaces

Nine priority security zones were implemented in the greater Paris area, the area covered by the Préfecture de Police for Paris and the departments of Hauts-de-Seine, de Seine-Saint-Denis and Val-de-Marne.

The first priority security zone was launched in Paris in September 2013 in the 18th district, followed by a second PSZ in the 19th district and then by a third, on 6 February 2014 in the 20th district. Six other PSZ have been established since September 2012 in the inner suburbs.

A district is an intermediate level of command between the headquarters of the directions of the police and local security forces of the Paris area and local staff.
The Préfecture de Police issues more than a million administrative documents—such as passports, national identity cards, driving licences, vehicle registration certificates and residence permits—every year in Paris. In order to improve the service offered to the public, the Préfecture de Police has been committed to a vast process of modernisation for several years: bringing services together under one roof, re-designing visitor lay-outs, introducing reception desks and electronic queue management. The development of online services has become almost universal as also the “one-stop appointment” for filing applications for national identity cards, passports, vehicle registrations and driving licences. These services mean that repeated trips to the Préfecture’s offices are a thing of the past and that the public’s level of satisfaction is continually increasing. Engaged in a Quality process since 2013, the Préfecture de Police obtained the Qualipref 2.0 quality label in 2015, awarded by the AFNOR, recognition of the continuous improvement process of the services offered by the General Police Department (DPG) and the development of digital services which simplify procedures for users (SMS, online applications, communication via social media, etc.).
Paris is an internationally-important capital city and the headquarters of various institutions and embassies; it is also the venue for some 6,500 demonstrations and sporting or celebratory events every year. Law and order, together with the protection of institutions, is an essential element of a democracy.

The Préfecture de Police has to guarantee not only the right to demonstrate but also to ensure the safety of participants and residents at the same time as minimising disturbance to daily life in the neighbourhoods affected. Since the Greater Paris Police Force was set up, the Préfecture also supervises the major events that take place at certain strategic sites in greater Paris (Stade de France, La Défense, etc.) and manages the most sensitive official journeys within the inner urban area.

SUPERVISING MAJOR EVENTS

5,178 order-keeping operations including 2,456 demonstrations (and in particular 450 unannounced), 1,001 order services for sporting, festive and cultural events or ceremonies and 1,066 official visits, in all 7,245 supervised events.

SUPERVISING MAJOR EVENTS

Enabling freedom of expression while keeping citizens safe.
Every day, 4.1 million journeys are made by road between Paris and the city’s suburbs and 3.2 million inside the capital itself. Since the Greater Paris Police Force was set up, the Préfecture de Police has specialised units at its disposal for improving traffic flow and implementing daily traffic management plans for Paris. It is also in charge of surveillance for almost 1500 km of major roads covered by the Préfecture de Police in Île-de-France, of which 807 km are motorways serving the capital. Overseeing the police officers dedicated to this task, the regional traffic information and command centre also coordinates all traffic services at the regional level in regards to snow and ice plans, pollution, flooding and during major demonstrations and events. The quest to enhance road safety remains one of the most important priorities for the Préfecture de Police; to continue to improve it, in addition to road patrols, it organises numerous preventive measures.

In the greater Paris area: 14,386 bodily-injury accidents were recorded in 2016 (135 deaths). In Paris, 6,127 bodily-injury accidents were recorded (47 deaths) and 95,854 primary and secondary school pupils were made aware of road safety issues during accident prevention sessions and road safety awareness days.
The quality of life for Parisians depends in large part on their environment. The Préfecture de Police helps to preserve the environment by preventing and curbing technological hazards, pollution and various forms of nuisance. The Operational Division for Technical Services and Logistics carries out checks on the noise and exhaust fumes emitted by the various vehicles that use the public highway. The central laboratory is an accredited scientific organisation that measures the quality of air indoors and outdoors (residential premises and in the workplace) as well as water and soil quality. It also undertakes technical investigations in the event of carbon monoxide poisoning. It also provides its expertise in the field of fire-safety.

The Department of Transport and Public Protection handles prevention and the treatment of urban risk in all its forms: sanitary risks, building risks, accessibility of establishments receiving the public etc. as well as transport and traffic problems. It harnesses the know-how of its architectural safety team to assist in making Paris’ services and shops accessible and facilitating the everyday life of the disabled. The Regional Department for the Protection of the Public, which includes the Regional Veterinary Services Department and the Regional Unit for Competition, Consumption and Fraud Prevention, undertakes checks on food and manufactured goods (toys, cosmetics, etc.), prevents illegal commercial practices and contributes to animal welfare.

2016 ACTIVITY IN FIGURES

- 7,564 restaurants and food retailers controlled,
- 196 emergency administrative closures for lack of hygiene,
- 1,453 places of collective accommodation (hotels and hostels) inspected by the safety commission in accordance with the legal frequency of inspections,
- 42,855 items of lost property returned to their owners.

Monitoring compliance with health and safety regulations
An economic region of nearly 12 million inhabitants, Ile-de-France is characterised by the density of its urban facilities and transport networks. It is also the focus of a large number of natural, industrial, technological and health hazards. The function of the Prefect de Police, who is also the Prefect of the Paris Defence and Safety Zone (which covers the region’s eight departments)*, is to prepare and co-ordinate all the crisis-management measures at this level. The Secretary General of the Defence and Safety Zone (SGZDS) at the Préfecture de Police is the body that, in the event of a major crisis (flooding, heat wave, pandemic, bomb, etc.), is responsible for planning and organising relief, keeping businesses running and ensuring the return to normality. These tasks are carried out in liaison with all the public and private operators (industries, energy providers, public services, etc.). In this context, it prepares, mobilises and coordinates civilian and military resources in Ile-de-France. In order to plan ahead to deal with any type of crisis, the SGZDS has a monitoring, warning and coordination structure in place - the zone’s operational centre - that operates 24/7.

Preventing and managing crisis situations

A 1,810 km of railway lines including the metro, 10,754 km of roads, 90 high threshold SEVESO sites (chemical factories, large oil depots etc.), 3 international airports.

The General Secretariat of the Defence and Safety Zone prepares many emergency plans, like here for a rescue exercise.

Coordinating actions for the Île-de-France region

* Essonne, Hauts-de-Seine, Paris, Seine-et-Marne, Seine-Saint-Denis, Val-de-Marne, Val d’Oise, and Yvelines.
Fires now account for only 3% of the total number of call-outs of the Paris Fire Brigade. Created by Napoleon in 1811, the Paris Fire Brigade is a large military unit that comes under the authority of the Prefect de Police. It is responsible for rescuing people in danger and protecting property in Paris and the three departments of the inner urban area: Hauts-de-Seine (92), Seine-Saint-Denis (93) and Val-de-Marne (94). Carrying out their functions in a huge city - where they perform over 200 different types of intervention - Paris fire fighters are multi-skilled rescue workers. The Brigade makes 80% of the emergency responses, both medical and non-medical, in the greater Paris area. The Brigade works in close partnership with the Call 17 Police-Emergency Service that also offers the public help and assistance 24/7. In turn, the police officers of the Homeless Assistance Unit (BAPSA) cross-coss Paris daily to bring help to those most in need. Lastly, the emergency calls platform (PFAU) handles all emergency calls for the greater Paris area at a single location: 112, the universal number valid in the entire European Union, 17 for the police and 18 for the fire brigade.

2016 ACTIVITY IN FIGURES

1,445,424 calls to 18/112 leading to 450,510 interventions by the Paris Fire Brigade, of which 80% to rescue victims and 3% to fight fires, 27,516 people saved (excluding fires), 182 people rescued from drowning by the river brigade, 92,941 instances of assistance provided to homeless persons by the homeless brigade.

FIREFIGHTING AND RESCUE SERVICES

"The Paris Fire Brigade, a general rescue service"
## Assorted Budget Information

### Workforce Forecast

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Forecast</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Police Officers</td>
<td>43,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paris Fire Brigade</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative, Technical and Scientific Staff</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Budget Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Special Budget</td>
<td>3,977 million d’euros</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workforce</td>
<td>27,430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Officers</td>
<td>8,053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paris Fire Brigade</td>
<td>8,373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative, Technical and Scientific Staff</td>
<td>3,249</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Budget Distribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authority</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City of Paris</td>
<td>14.64%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Authorities of the Inner Suburbs</td>
<td>41.27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>17.48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Own income</td>
<td>26.61%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Budget Items

- **Police Officers**: 43,856
- **Paris Fire Brigade**: 8,373
- **Administrative, Technical and Scientific Staff**: 3,249

## Equipment Forecast

- **1,3 million sq. metres of premises at 524 sites (398 of which are for Paris and the inner suburbs and 126 sites for the outer suburbs)**
- **8,235 vehicles maintained at the 6 sites in Île-de-France: 5,933 light and utility vehicles, 390 maintenance of order vehicles, 76 heavy lorries, 1,807 two-wheeled motor vehicles. In addition to these vehicles: 16 boats including 2 tugs, 4 launches, 3 inflatable boats with trailers, 7 semi-rigid boats, 2 helicopters and 890 bicycles.**
- **1 printing department, 18 million documents printed**

## Special Budget

- **Voted for by the Council of Paris. If it is supplied by the City of Paris, the State, the three departments and the 123 municipalities of the inner suburbs of Paris. It is used to finance missions of a municipal nature including administrative services for the Prefecture, the surveillance officers of Paris and the Paris Fire Brigade.**
The Préfecture de Police carries out many communication campaigns (road safety, recruitment, combating violence, crime prevention, events, etc.) aimed at the general public.

All information about administrative procedures and remote services, maps of traffic in Paris updated in real time and traffic forecasts, the presentation of missions ground images and videos and reports are available on the Préfecture de Police’s website: prefecturedepolice.paris.

The Préfecture de Police is also present on several social media sites. It also has a mobile application, Préf.Police, for users including a blog, available from the first half of 2016: Préf Police the blog.

The Préfecture de Police also explains all its missions and duties to the media, answers requests for information and distributes press releases, it organises press conferences and provides spaces and services for filming.

COMMUNICATIONS

Over 97,383 web users like the Préfecture de Police’s Facebook page, 324,512 have already subscribed to its Twitter account.

SOCIAL MEDIA ACTIVITY IN FIGURES

- Image: © Julien Eichinger - Fotolia.com
A ware of the importance of heritage, in 2009 the Préfecture de Police crea-
ted the History and Cultural Affairs service (SMAC). Attached to the Police
Prefect’s cabinet, it is responsible for bringing to the public’s attention its
immense heritage and activities.

It was initially a museum created by the Prefect Louis Lépine in 1909. Its
collections were then built up from items brought together for the Universal Exposition
of 1900 and then completed by many regular donations and acquisitions. Over an area of
300 sq. metres, four centuries of police and criminal history is recalled. Photographs, uni-
forms, models, weapons, detention registers etc. comprise a showcase of the exceptional
archives held and managed by the Préfecture de Police.

Nearly ten kilometres of documents represent the basis of the institution’s memory and
as such are an inexhaustible source of information for the 3,500 consultants and visitors
who study or discover the documentary archives and visual and museum collections.

The Préfecture de Police also has an orchestra of a hundred and fourteen musicians, all
holders of conservatory first prizes. Founded in 1929, the Police Band plays throughout
the year in Paris, the Paris region, in the provinces and abroad.

**Armbands of resistance policemen during the Second World War, displayed at the Préfecture de Police museum.**
Founded in June 1963 to strengthen the link between the police and the general public, Liaisons, the magazine of the Préfecture de Police, has continually renewed itself in an effort to speak to a widely diverse readership (officers and retirees of the Préfecture de Police, institutional partners, schools, libraries, etc.). With already more than a 116 issues, Liaisons has become a quarterly newspaper popular with the personnel of the Préfecture de Police, the media and the general public.

In addition to the standard issues whose themes cover current news and social issues (drugs, violence and young people, dress and objects of the Préfecture de Police), every year the magazine publishes a special issue such as May 68, New mysteries of Paris, 50 years of Paris history, 1912-2012 - Behind the scenes of the Crime Squad, 100 years of Paris police and Policemen in battle to mark the 70th anniversary of the liberation of Paris, as well as The secret places of the Préfecture de Police.

You can also find Liaisons in bookshops, in particular that of Documentation française at 29 quai Voltaire, Paris 7th, and on the publisher’s website: www.ladocumentationfrancaise.fr
Find the practical services of the prefecture de Police
for the users of Paris and adjacent departments

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